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Basic Information Document

Nigeria

***COVID-19 National Longitudinal Phone Survey
(COVID-19 NLPS)***

Version 7 (updated on February 18, 2021)

ACRONYMS

BMGF	Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation
CATI	Computer Assisted Telephone Interview
NLPS	National Longitudinal Phone Survey
GHS-Panel	General Household Survey-Panel
LSMS-ISA	Living Standards Measurement Study – Integrated Surveys on Agriculture
NBS	National Bureau of Statistics
WB	World Bank

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1.0 Introduction

The purpose of this document is to provide detailed information on Nigeria COVID-19 National Longitudinal Phone Survey (COVID-19 NLPS) implemented by the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS) from April 2020. The survey is the result of a partnership that the NBS has established with the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation (BMGF) and the World Bank (WB). The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS is a high-frequency phone survey of households and its ability to follow the same households over time makes it a powerful tool for studying and understanding socio-economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic in Nigeria.

The World Bank is providing support to countries to help mitigate the spread and impact of the new coronavirus disease (COVID-19). One area of support is for data collection to inform evidence-based policies that may help mitigate the effects of this disease. Towards this end, the World Bank is leveraging the Living Standards Measurement Study - Integrated Survey on Agriculture (LSMS-ISA) program to support high-frequency phone surveys on COVID-19 in 5 African countries – **Nigeria**, Ethiopia, Uganda, Tanzania, and Malawi. This effort is part of a broader first wave of World Bank-supported NLPS that can be used to help assess the economic and social implications of the COVID-19 pandemic on households and individuals. As part of this initiative, a World Bank team from the Development Data Group and the Poverty and Equity Global Practice provided technical support to NBS on implementation of the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS.

Nigeria was among the first few countries in Sub-Saharan Africa to identify cases of COVID-19. Reported cases and fatalities have been increasing since it was first identified. The government implemented strict measures to contain the spread of this virus (such as travel restrictions, school closures and home-based work). While the Government is implementing these containment measures, it is important to understand how households in the country are affected and responding to the evolving crises, so that policy responses can be designed well and targeted effectively to reduce the negative impacts on household welfare.

The objective of Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS is to monitor the socio-economic effects of this evolving COVID-19 pandemic in real time. These data will contribute to filling critical gaps in information that could be used by the Nigerian government and stakeholders to help design policies to mitigate the negative impacts on its population. The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS is designed to accommodate the evolving nature of the crises, including revision of the questionnaire on a monthly basis.

The households were drawn from the sample of households interviewed in 2018/2019 for Wave 4 of the General Household Survey—Panel (GHS-Panel). The extensive information collected in the GHS-Panel just over a year prior to the pandemic provides a rich set of background information on the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS households which can be leveraged to assess the differential impacts of the pandemic in the country.

Each month, the households will be asked a set of core questions on the key channels through which individuals and households are expected to be affected by the COVID-19-related

restrictions. Food security, employment, access to basic services, coping strategies, and non-labour sources of income are channels likely to be impacted. The core questionnaire is complemented by questions on selected topics that rotate each month. This provides data to the government and development partners in near real-time, supporting an evidence-based response to the crisis.

2.0 Sample and Weights

2.1 Survey Sample

Wave 4 of the GHS-Panel conducted in 2018/19 served as the frame for the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS survey. The GHS-Panel sample includes 4,976 households that were interviewed in the post-harvest visit of the fourth wave in January/February 2019. This sample of households is representative nationally as well as across the 6 geopolitical Zones that divide up the country. In every visit of the GHS-Panel, phone numbers are collected from interviewed households for up to 4 household members and 2 reference persons who are in close contact with the household in order to assist in locating and interviewing households who may have moved in subsequent waves of the survey. This comprehensive set of phone numbers as well as the already well-established relationship between NBS and the GHS-Panel households made this an ideal frame from which to conduct the COVID-19 monitoring survey in Nigeria.

Among the 4,976 households interviewed in the post-harvest visit of the GHS-Panel in 2019, 4,934 (99.2%) provided at least one phone number. Around 90 percent of these households provided a phone number for at least one household member while the remaining 10 percent only provided a phone number for a reference person. Households with only the phone number of a reference person were expected to be more difficult to reach but were nonetheless included in the frame and deemed eligible for selection for the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS.

To obtain a nationally representative sample for the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS, a sample size of approximately 1,800 successfully interviewed households was targeted. However, to reach that target, a larger pool of households needed to be selected from the frame due to non-contact and non-response common for telephone surveys. Drawing from prior telephone surveys in Nigeria, a final contact plus response rate of 60% was assumed, implying that the required sample households to contact in order to reach the target is 3,000.

3,000 households were selected from the frame of 4,934 households with contact details. Given the large amount of auxiliary information available in the GHS-Panel for these households, a balanced sampling approach (using the cube method) was adopted. The balanced sampling approach enables selection of a random sample that still retains the properties of the frame across selected covariates. Balancing on these variables results in a reduction of the variance of the resulting estimates, assuming that the chosen covariates are correlated with the target variable. Calibration to the balancing variables after the data collection further reduces this

variance (Tille, 2006¹). The sample was balanced across several important dimensions: state, sector (urban/rural), household size, per capita consumption expenditure, household head sex and education, and household ownership of a mobile phone. The first and third columns in Table 2- below present the (unweighted) characteristics of the full GHS-Panel sample and the sampled 3,000 households for the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS. Both samples have very similar profiles.

All 3,000 households were contacted in the baseline round of the phone survey. Table 2-1 presents the interview result for the baseline sample. 69 percent of sampled households were successfully contacted. Of those contacted, 94 percent or 1,950 households were fully interviewed. These 1,950 households constitute the final successful sample and will be contacted in subsequent rounds of the survey.

Table 2-1: Result of Interview		
	# of households	% of overall sample
Contacted	2070	69.0
Complete	1950	65.0
Partially Complete	65	2.2
Refused	42	1.4
Language barrier	13	0.4
Not contacted	930	31.0
Nobody answering	82	2.7
Number does not exist	48	1.6
Phone turned off	600	20.0
Wrong number (don't know the household)	107	3.6
Reference person can't connect to household	93	3.1

2.2 Survey Weights

In order to produce national estimates from the successfully interviewed sample, weights must be applied to the information provided by sampled households. Weights for the GHS-Panel serve as the basis for the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS, but the weights must be adjusted to reflect the selection and interviewing process. The weights for the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS were calculated in several stages.

1. Begin with the GHS-Panel full sample household weights.
2. Apply an adjustment factor for the **selection into the frame** (GHS-Panel households that have contact details). A ratio adjustment was applied at the Zone-level (the strata for the

¹ Tillé, Y. (2006). *Sampling algorithms* (pp. 147 - 176). Springer New York.

GHS-Panel) to preserve the sum of household weights within each Zone between the full GHS-Panel sample and the NLPS frame.

3. Apply an adjustment for **selection into the NLPS sample**. The adjustment is a simple expansion factor that is the inverse of the selection probability from the frame for each sampled unit.
4. Apply an adjustment factor for **non-contact of sampled households**. This was again performed with a ratio adjustment at the Zone-level.
5. Apply an adjustment factor for **non-response of contacted households** through a ratio adjustment at the Zone-level.
6. **Calibrate the weights** (following adjustments 2-5) according to the properties of the full weighted GHS-Panel sample. This calibration step adjusts the weights such that the estimates obtained from the final NLPS sample will match the weighted means of the full GHS-Panel sample for specified characteristics. The calibration was performed using only information obtained from the GHS-Panel interview and thus will only reflect changes in the sample composition and not changes over time. The calibration applied here aims to correct for selection bias that is introduced at any point between identification of the frame and the final successfully interviewed sample. Selection bias is of particular concern in phone surveys since some segment of the population does not have access to a phone and there are more difficult barriers to successfully reach and interview households over the phone. The calibration was applied using the *ReGenesees* package in R. The characteristics that were considered in the calibration were the same factors included in the balanced sample selection described in 3.1 above. The weights were also applied to the total number of households in the population given by the GHS-Panel weights.
7. **Trim the weights**. Outlier weights were trimmed using the *ReGenesees* package in R which adjusts the weights to given bounds while minimizing the deviation from the estimates obtained from the calibration in step 6.

In subsequent rounds of the survey, steps 4, 5, and 6 will be applied to the final baseline weights.

Table 2-2 below presents the full set of weighted and unweighted estimates across the different samples. Following the weighting adjustments and calibration, the weighted estimates obtained from the GHS-Panel and NLPS samples match very closely across all dimensions.

Characteristic	GHS		Phone sample		
	Unweighted	Weighted	Initial sample (unweighted)	Interviewed Sample	
				Unweighted	Weighted
Sample size	4976	-	3000	1950	-
Characteristics					
Average household size	5.33	5.53	5.33	5.52	5.53
Female head (%)	20.1	18.6	20.2	19.1	18.6
Age of head	49.8	48.8	49.4	49.4	49.2
Head Literate (%)	72.8	74.4	72.9	79.4	74.4

<i>Education level of head</i>					
None	22.2	20.5	22.0	15.8	20.6
Primary	24.6	24.1	24.3	24.6	24.1
Junior Secondary	4.3	4.0	4.7	4.4	4.0
Senior Secondary	23.3	23.9	23.7	26.7	23.9
Tertiary	16.7	16.0	16.8	21.7	16.0
Religious/other	8.9	11.5	8.5	6.8	11.4
<i>Asset ownership</i>					
Regular mobile phone	66.1	65.4	66.5	71.1	66.0
Smart phone	26.5	26.7	26.7	32.9	26.8
Television	45.5	45.1	46.4	55.3	48.1
Refrigerator	18.0	17.3	18.4	23.4	18.7
Car	9.8	9.6	9.9	12.5	9.4
Generator	26.3	24.6	26.3	32.4	24.4

* Based on information from the GHS only.

3.0 Training of Interviewers for the Survey

Personnel were selected from the pool of NBS interviewers that have experience with the Survey Solutions platform and have previously conducted phone surveys. Prior to the start of every round of the survey, a group of main interviewers, callback interviewers, and supervisors were trained virtually (over Skype) to conduct the survey. The trainings lasted 2-3 days and focused on providing participants with detailed understanding of the survey and the Computer Assisted Telephone Interview (CATI) techniques, elucidation of important concepts and questions in the questionnaire. The trainings were led by the World Bank team with additional inputs provided by the NBS coordinators. Following the training, the interviewers carried out mock interviews in order to become more familiar with the questionnaire and interviewing techniques before interviewing respondents. After the mock interviews, a 1-day pilot was conducted with households retired from the GHS-Panel sample. Each interviewer conducted around 4 interviews during the pilot. The survey materials (presentations, manual, questionnaire and Survey Solutions assignments) were sent to trainees prior to the start of the trainings. This was to ensure that they become familiar with the materials and also have a smooth training.

4.0 Field Work

4.1 Organization of Fieldwork

Data were collected by trained NBS interviewers who individually made phone calls from their respective homes. Since the country was on lockdown during the preparation and data collection exercise for the baseline round, interviewers were not allowed to be in the office. Therefore, all interviews were conducted from interviewers' homes. Although the lockdown restrictions were partially lifted following the baseline, interviewers will continue to conduct interviews from home in subsequent rounds until it is deemed safe for them to return to the

office. In addition, all other correspondence to the interviewers were made through WhatsApp, phone and emails.

4.2 Gift to Households

As a show of appreciation for the households' participation, all households that gave consent to be interviewed, were transferred 500 Naira credit to their phones (even if their interviews are only partially completed). The transfers are made to successfully interviewed households in every round. Since some of the sampled households do not have personal phone numbers, they were interviewed via a reference person's phone. Thus, starting from the third round, reference persons were also credited 500 Naira credit to their phones.

4.3 Pre-loaded Information

Basic information on every household was pre-loaded in the CATI assignments for each interviewer. The information was pre-loaded to (1) assist interviewers in calling and identifying the household and (2) ensure that each pre-loaded person is properly addressed and easily matched to the most recent interviews. Basic household information (location, household head name, phone number, etc.) was pre-loaded. The list of individuals from the previous interview and their basic characteristics were uploaded. This helped maintain the panel of individuals and ensured the status of each individual in the subsequent round of the survey.

4.4 Respondents

Each round of the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS has ONE RESPONDENT per household. The respondent was the household head or a knowledgeable adult household member. The respondent must be a member of the household. Unlike many other household surveys, interviewers were not expected to seek out other household members to provide their own information. The respondent may still consult with other household members as needed to respond to the questions, including to provide all the necessary information on each household member.

Interviewers were instructed to make every effort to reach the same respondent in subsequent rounds of the survey, in order to maintain the consistency of the information collected. However, in cases where the previous respondent was not available, interviewers would identify another knowledgeable adult household member to interview.

4.5 Data Monitoring and Evaluation

As an additional aid to ensuring good quality data, extensive monitoring was performed throughout the fieldwork for each round of the survey. Three monitoring exercises were implemented during data collection. First, Survey Solutions' audio recording functionality was activated for 15 percent of the sample. These interview recordings were audited by 3 trained monitors, though not all recorded interviewers were able to be reviewed due to personnel constraints. On a daily basis, the monitors will listen to these recordings and fill in a structured questionnaire with their observations on interviewer performance. The feedback from these

audio audits are then filtered to the respective interviewers.

The second quality check implemented were call backs to contacted households. The call backs were conducted by trained interviewers who are not part of the main data collection interviewers. Each day, up to 36 households that were contacted by the interviewing team are called by these call back interviewers. The call back interviewers conduct a short interview with the household to confirm that the interviewer did indeed conduct the interview, that certain key elements were clearly stated to the respondent, that the interviewer conducted themselves in a professional manner, and other details on the interview process. Further, the call back team asked several time-invariant questions of the respondent to further confirm the interview was fully conducted and the interviewer captured the information correctly. Feedback from call backs were routed to the respective interviewers to improve on identified areas. Further, the call back interviewers also called households that were not successfully contacted by the main interviewer. In some cases, the call back interviewer was able to reach the household. In such cases, the case was sent back to the interviewer to conduct the interview.

The third quality check was interviews with “mystery respondents”. These were interviews conducted with the monitoring team without the interviewer’s knowledge. Interviewers were given an assignment with pre-filled details from a household not selected for the NLPS but where the prefilled contact details routed the call to a member of the monitoring team. The mystery respondents were given pre-determined answers to questions in the questionnaire such that when the interviewer calls, they should provide those responses. A short questionnaire was also prepared for the mystery respondents to fill during or immediately after the interview to share their feedback on the interviewer’s performance. The feedback from this exercise were routed to the interviewers to improve on areas highlighted by the monitoring team.

As a result of these quality checks, some of the interviewers were dropped from participating in the survey. There were also regular check-ins to address questions and issues the interviewers might have.

5.0 Data Management

5.1 Computer Assisted Telephone Interview (CATI)

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS exercise was conducted using Computer Assisted Telephone Interview (CATI) techniques. The household questionnaire was implemented using the CATI software, Survey Solutions. The Survey Solutions software was developed and maintained by the Data Analytics and Tools Unit within the Development Economics Data Group (DECDG) at the World Bank. Each interviewer was given two tablets, which they used to conduct the interviews. Overall, implementation of survey using Survey Solutions CATI was highly successful, as it allowed for timely availability of the data from completed interviews.

5.2 Data Communication System

The data communication system used in the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS was highly automated. Each interviewer was given a mobile modem allowing for internet connectivity and daily synchronization of their tablet. This ensured that head office in Abuja has access to the data in real-time. Once the interview is completed and uploaded to the server, the data is first reviewed by the Supervisors, and then routed for call back or audio audit if selected. A feedback questionnaire was also designed in Survey Solutions where interviewers receive respective feedback on their tablet from the various monitoring stages. This activity is done on a daily basis throughout the duration of the data collection.

5.3 Data Cleaning

The data cleaning process was done in three main stages. The first stage was to ensure proper quality control during the fieldwork. This was achieved in part by incorporating validation and consistency checks into the Survey Solutions application used for the data collection and designed to highlight many of the errors that occurred during the fieldwork.

The second stage cleaning involved the use of Supervisors in Survey Solutions. As indicated above, once the interview is completed and uploaded to the server, the Supervisors reviewed completed interviews for inconsistencies and extreme values. Depending on the outcome, they can either approve or reject the case. If rejected, the case goes back to the respective interviewer's tablet upon synchronization. The supervisor will provide general and question-specific comments when rejecting a particular completed interview. These errors were then corrected based on another call to the household on the instruction of the supervisor. The data that had gone through this first stage of cleaning and has no issues is then approved by the Supervisor.

The third stage of cleaning involved a comprehensive review of the final raw data following the first and second stage cleaning. Every variable was examined individually for (1) consistency with other sections and variables, (2) out of range responses, and (3) formatting. Some minor errors remain in the data where the diagnosis and/or solution were unclear to the data cleaning team.

5.4 Confidential Information

For purposes of maintaining the confidentiality of the data, all names, phone numbers, and addresses have been removed from the datasets.

6.0 Using the Data

6.1 File Structure

The data should always be used in conjunction with the questionnaire and the interviewer's instruction manual. Where there are no issues of confidentiality, all the variables from the questionnaire have been included in the data sets. In some cases, there is an additional variable which contains the "other specify" information that was written in the questionnaire. So, for

example, the other specify variable will be indicated with an “_os” attached to the variable name such as q5_os containing the “other specify” information for a variable q5.

Every effort was made to keep question numbers (and thus variable names) as consistent as possible through different rounds of the survey. If questions were dropped in previous round, the numbering was preserved. If questions were added in the middle of a section, a letter was added to the question number at that space in the sequence (e.g. if added before question 2, the question number would be 2a). This was done to make utilization of the data sets across the rounds as consistent as possible.

6.2 Merging Datasets

All datasets contain a variable (*hhid*), which is a unique identifier for the household. This variable is used as the unique key variable in the merging of all household type datasets. In some of the other types of datasets, additional key variables may be required in the merging process. In the case of individual type files, the variable that uniquely identifies the individual in the household is *indiv*. In order to merge any two individual type files, both the variables *hhid* and *indiv* would be used.

Since the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS is a panel survey, the datasets from every round can be merged. Additionally, since the GHS-Panel 2018/19 served as the frame for the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS survey, the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS datasets can be merged with the GHS-Panel datasets. The household’s unique key variable (*hhid*) is used to merge the household type datasets and the individual’s unique key variables (*hhid* and *indiv*) are used to merge any individual type files. New individuals added in the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS will be identified with an *indiv* greater than 100. It will not be possible to merge these newly added individuals with the GHS-Panel data.

7.0 Survey Rounds

7.1 Baseline (Round 1)

7.1.1 Overview

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Baseline was administered between April 20 and May 11, 2020. A total of 22 main interviewers, 3 call back interviewers, and 2 supervisors conducted the survey. All 3,000 households selected from the GHS-Panel Wave 4 sample were contacted, with 1,950 of those being fully successfully interviewed. More details on the contact/response rates can be found in section 2.1 above.

7.1.2 Weights

The weights can be found in the household-level data file (*r1_sect_a_3_4_5_6_8_9_12*). The variable name is *wt_baseline*.

7.1.3 The Survey Instruments

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Baseline consists of one questionnaire. The **Household Questionnaire** was administered to all households in the sample.

Household Questionnaire: The Household Questionnaire provides information on demographics; knowledge regarding the spread of COVID-19; behaviour and social distancing; access to basic services; employment; income loss; food security; concerns; coping/shocks; and social safety nets.

The contents of questionnaire are outlined below.

Table 7-1: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Baseline Questionnaire

Section	Topic	Description
A	Cover	Household identifiers and enumerator identifiers
1	Interview Information and Phone Number Roster	Roster of call attempts, result and respondent of call attempt, interview consent, date and time of call back, roster of phone numbers, the information of the person that the listed phone number belongs to
2	Household Roster Update	Roster of members of the household, relationship to the household head, gender, age, marital status, reason for joining the household if new, and reason for leaving the household if left
3	Knowledge Regarding the Spread of COVID-19	Knowledge of coronavirus, measures to reduce the risk of contracting coronavirus, steps taken by the federal/state government to curb the spread of coronavirus, satisfaction at steps taken by the federal/state government and reason for not being satisfied
4	Behaviour and Social Distancing	Behaviour of adopting prevention measures (handwashing and social distancing)
5	Access to Basic Services	Household's access to medicine, soap, cleaning supplies, staple food (rice, beans, cassava, yam and sorghum), medical treatment and financial services (the bank, money agent and the ATM), reason for not being able to access the services, education or learning activities of children at home including contact with children's teachers
6	Employment	Status and information of income-generating activities (wage work, family business and farming), reason for stopped working, reason for not able to perform activities as usual, and reason for reduced revenue from family business
7	Income Loss	Household's sources of livelihood and their status since mid-March

Section	Topic	Description
8	Food Security	Household's food security status during the last 30 days
9	Concerns	Concerns over immediate family becoming seriously ill from COVID-19 and household's financial status
10	Coping/Shocks	Shocks that affected household since mid-March and their coping strategies
11	Social Safety Nets	Type, value and source of assistances that household received from social safety net programs since mid-March
12	Interview Results	Result of interview including observation notes by enumerator regarding the interview, respondent and language of interview

7.1.4 Description of Datasets

These modules were administered in the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Baseline survey.

- Household Roster
- Knowledge Regarding the Spread of COVID-19
- Behaviour and Social Distancing
- Access to Basic Services
- Employment
- Income Loss
- Food Security
- Concerns
- Coping/Shocks
- Social Safety Nets

Table 7-2 shows the datasets and their corresponding sections of the Questionnaire.

Table 7-2: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Baseline Datasets

Dataset Filename	Section(s)	Section Name(s)
r1_sect_a_3_4_5_6_8_9_12	A, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 12	Cover, Knowledge Regarding the Spread of COVID-19, Behaviour and Social Distancing, Access to Basic Services, Employment, Food Security, Concerns, Interview Results
r1_sect_1	1	Interview Information
r1_sect_1b		
r1_sect_2	2	Household Roster Update
r1_sect_7	7	Income Loss
r1_sect_10	10	Coping/Shocks
r1_sect_11	11	Social Safety Nets

7.2 Round 2

7.2.1 Overview

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 2 was administered between June 2 and June 16, 2020. A total of 19 main interviewers, 3 call back interviewers, and 2 supervisors were involved in the fieldwork.

7.2.2 Sample

Interviewers attempted to contact and interview all 1,950 households that were successfully interviewed in the baseline of the COVID-19 NLPS. As shown in Table 7-3, 1,852 households (95% of the 1,950 attempted) were contacted and 1,820 (93.3%) were successfully interviewed in the second round. Of those contacted, 22 households refused outright to be interviewed and 10 were partially interviewed.

	# of households	% of overall sample
Total Sample	1,950	100.0
Contacted	1,852	95.0
Complete	1,820	93.3
Partially Complete	10	0.5
Refused	22	1.1
Language barrier	0	0.0
Not contacted	98	5.0
Nobody answering	38	1.9
Number does not exist	1	0.1
Phone turned off	49	2.5
Wrong number (don't know the household)	2	0.1
Reference person can't connect to household	8	0.4

7.2.2.1 Weights

The baseline weights were adjusted for noncontact and nonresponse as well as calibrated following the same procedures outlined in section 2.2 (steps 4, 5 and 6). The round 2 weights can be found in the household-level data file (*r2_sect_a_2_5_6_8_12*). The variable name is **wt_round2**.

7.2.3 The Survey Instruments

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 2 consists of one questionnaire. The **Household Questionnaire** was administered to all households in the sample.

Household Questionnaire: The Household Questionnaire provides information on demographics; access to basic goods and services; employment (including non-farm enterprise and agricultural activity); other income; food security; and social safety nets.

The contents of questionnaire are outlined below.

Table 7-4: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 2 Questionnaire

Section	Topic	Description
A	Cover	Household identifiers and enumerator identifiers
1	Interview Information and Phone Number Roster	Roster of call attempts, result and respondent of call attempt, interview consent, date and time of call back, roster of phone numbers, the information of the person that the listed phone number belongs to
2	Household Roster Update	Roster of members of the household, relationship to the household head, gender, age, marital status, reason for joining the household if new, and reason for leaving the household if left
5	Access to Basic Services	Household's access to drinking water, soap and water for washing hands, medical treatment, reason for not being able to access the services, education or learning activities of children at home including contact with children's teachers
6	Employment	Status and information of income-generating activities (wage work, family business and farming), reason for stopped working, reason for not able to perform activities as usual, reason for reduced revenue from family business, changes made to family business, changes made to crop planting activities, and reasons for making the changes
7	Other Income	Household's sources of livelihood
8	Food Security	Household's food security status during the last 30 days
11	Social Safety Nets	Type, value and source of assistances that household received from social safety net programs
12	Interview Results	Result of interview including observation notes by interviewer regarding the interview, respondent and language of interview

There were some changes made in the questionnaires between Baseline and Round 2. Table 7-5 outlines these changes.

Table 7-5: Baseline to Round 2 Comparison

Section	Notes
Section A: Cover	No changes
Section 1: Interview Information and Phone Number Roster	Questions added in Round 2: Q5a-d
Section 2: Household Roster Update	Questions added in Round 2: Q0a-b
Section 3: Knowledge Regarding the Spread of COVID-19	Dropped in Round 2
Section 4: Behaviour and Social Distancing	Dropped in Round 2
Section 5: Access to Basic Services	Questions added in Round 2: Q1e-f, Q1c-d
	Questions dropped in Round 2: Q4a
	Questions re-worded or options modified in Round 2: FILTER
Section 6: Employment	Re-organized to have 3 cases based on FILTER for Employment sub-section (Q1-Q10)
	Re-organized to have 5 cases based on FILTER for non-farm enterprise sub-section (Q11-Q15b)
	New sub-section on agriculture (Q16-Q23)
Section 7: Income Loss	Section renamed as “Other Income” in Round 2
Section 7: Other Income	Section renamed from “Income Loss” in Round 2
	Questions dropped in Round 2: Q2
	Questions re-worded or options modified in Round 2: Q1
Section 8: Food Security	Questions added in Round 2: Q1, Q2, Q3, Q5, Q7
Section 9: Concerns	Dropped in Round 2
Section 10: Coping/Shocks	Dropped in Round 2
Section 11: Social Safety Nets	Questions added in Round 2: Q5, Q6
Section 12: Interview Results	No changes

7.2.4 Description of Datasets

These modules were administered in the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 2 survey.

- Household Roster
- Access to Basic Services
- Employment
- Other Income
- Food Security
- Social Safety Nets

Table 7-6 shows the datasets and their corresponding sections of the Questionnaire.

Table 7-6: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 2 Datasets

Dataset Filename	Section(s)	Section Name(s)
r2_sect_a_2_5_6_8_12	A, 2, 5, 6, 8, 12	Cover, Household Roster Update (Q0), Access to Basic Services, Employment, Food Security, Interview Results
r2_sect_1	1	Interview Information
r2_sect_1b		
r2_sect_2	2	Household Roster Update
r2_sect_7	7	Other Income
r2_sect_11	11	Social Safety Nets

7.3 Round 3

7.3.1 Overview

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 3 was administered between July 6 to July 20, 2020. A total of 19 main interviewers, 3 call back interviewers, and 3 supervisors were involved in the fieldwork.

7.3.2 Sample

Interviewers attempted to contact and interview all 1,925 households that were successfully interviewed in the Baseline of the COVID-19 NLPS, excluding 25 households that had refused² in Round 2. Thus, the sample included households that were not successfully interviewed in Round 2, in an effort to maintain the sample size. As shown in Table 7-7, 1,837 households (95.4% of the 1,925 attempted) were contacted and 1,790 (93%) were successfully interviewed in the third round. Of those contacted, 28 households refused outright to be interviewed and 18 were partially interviewed. Of the 1,790 successfully interviewed households, 1,737 were households that have been successfully interviewed in all three rounds of the survey so far. These are the households that form a complete panel across the three rounds.

7.3.2.1 Weights

In Round 3, two different weights are provided: cross section and panel weights. The cross section weights are applicable to the entire round 3 sample while the panel weights are only applicable to round 3 sample households that have been successfully interviewed in all three rounds of the survey so far. For both of these weights, the baseline weights were adjusted for noncontact and nonresponse as well as calibrated following the same procedures outlined in section 2.2 (steps 4, 5 and 6). The round 3 weights can be found in the household-level data file (*r3_sect_a_2_5_6_12*). The cross section weight is contained in the variable named *wt_round3* while the panel weight is contained in the variable named *wt_r3panel*.

² 22 households that refused outright and 3 households that refused mid-way through the Round 2 interview.

Table 7-7: Round 3 - Result of Interview		
	# of households	% of overall sample
Total Sample	1,925	100
Contacted	1,837	95.4
Complete	1,790	93.0
Partially Complete	18	0.9
Refused	28	1.5
Language barrier	1	0.1
Not contacted	88	4.6
Nobody answering	28	1.5
Number does not exist	1	0.1
Phone turned off	47	2.4
Wrong number (don't know the household)	4	0.2
Reference person can't connect to household	8	0.4
Panel sample (interviewed in R1, 2, & 3)	1,737	90.2

7.3.3 The Survey Instruments

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 3 consists of one questionnaire. The **Household Questionnaire** was administered to all households in the sample.

Household Questionnaire: The Household Questionnaire provides information on demographics; access to basic goods and services; housing; employment (including non-farm enterprise and agricultural activity); other income; coping/shocks; and social safety nets.

The contents of questionnaire are outlined below.

Table 7-8: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 3 Questionnaire

Section	Topic	Description
A	Cover	Household identifiers and enumerator identifiers
1	Interview Information and Phone Number Roster	Roster of call attempts, result and respondent of call attempt, interview consent, date and time of call back, roster of phone numbers, the information of the person that the listed phone number belongs to
2	Household Roster Update	Roster of members of the household, relationship to the household head, gender, age, marital status, reason for joining the household if new, and reason for leaving the household if left
5	Access to Basic Services	Household's access to basic food items, medical treatment, vaccination/immunization for children aged 0-5 years, public transportation, reason for not being able

Section	Topic	Description
		to access the services; coronavirus self-assessment tool; use of soap, use of face coverings in public, and attendance to religious or social gatherings; education or learning activities of children at home; out-of-state travel
5A	Housing	Migration (whether the household has moved from their original place of domicile since the outbreak of the pandemic); household's ownership status of the current dwelling, and their ability to pay rent
6	Employment	Status in employment, why currently not working, job search, change in jobs, actual job, information on wage work; operating status of family business/non-farm enterprise, reason for closure, sector of family business, change in revenue; access to farm inputs
7	Other Income	Household's sources of livelihood
10	Coping/Shocks	Shocks that affected household since the baseline interview and their coping strategies
11	Social Safety Nets	Type, value and source of assistances that household received from social safety net programs
12	Interview Results	Result of interview including observation notes by interviewer regarding the interview, respondent and language of interview

There were some changes made in the questionnaires between Round 2 and Round 3. Table 7-59 outlines these changes.

Table 7-9: Round 2 to Round 3 Comparison

Section	Notes
Section A: Cover	No changes
Section 1: Interview Information and Phone Number Roster	No changes
Section 2: Household Roster Update	No changes
Section 5: Access to Basic Services	Questions added in Round 3: Q1e, Q1ai-Q1ci, FILTER2, Q3a-Q3f, Q11-Q17
	Questions dropped in Round 3: Q1a, Q1a1, Q1b, Q1b1, Q1c, Q1c1, Q1e, Q1f, Q6, Q7
Section 5A: Housing	Added in Round 3
Section 6: Employment	Questions added in Round 3: Q8f, Q8g, Q11c
	Questions dropped in Round 3: Q8d, Q8e, Q15
	Questions re-worded or options modified in Round 3: FILTER
	Questions in agriculture sub-section have been renumbered in Round 3
Section 7: Other Income	No changes

Section	Notes
Section 8: Food Security	Dropped in Round 3
Section 10: Coping/Shocks	Added in Round 3
Section 11: Social Safety Nets	No changes
Section 12: Interview Results	No changes

7.3.4 Description of Datasets

These modules were administered in the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 3 survey.

- Household Roster
- Access to Basic Services
- Housing
- Employment
- Other Income
- Coping/Shocks
- Social Safety Nets

Table 7-10 shows the datasets and their corresponding sections of the Questionnaire.

Table 7-10: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 3 Datasets

Dataset Filename	Section(s)	Section Name(s)
r3_sect_a_2_5_5a_6_12	A, 2, 5, 5a, 6, 12	Cover, Household Roster Update (Q0), Access to Basic Services, Housing, Employment, Interview Results
r3_sect_1	1	Interview Information
r3_sect_1b		
r3_sect_2	2	Household Roster Update
r3_sect_7	7	Other Income
r3_sect_10	10	Coping/Shocks
r3_sect_11	11	Social Safety Nets

7.4 Round 4

7.4.1 Overview

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 4 was administered between August 9 to August 24, 2020. A total of 18 main interviewers, 3 call back interviewers, and 3 supervisors were involved in the fieldwork.

7.4.2 Sample

Interviewers attempted to contact and interview all 1,881 households that were successfully interviewed in the Baseline of the COVID-19 NLPS, excluding 69 households that had refused in Round 2 or Round 3. Thus, the sample included households that were not successfully interviewed subsequent to the baseline in an effort to maintain the sample size. As shown in 7-

11, 1,819 households (96.7% of the 1,881 attempted) were contacted and 1,789 (95.1%) were successfully interviewed in the fourth round. Of those contacted, 19 households refused outright to be interviewed and 9 were partially interviewed. Of the 1,789 successfully interviewed households, 1,691 were households that have been successfully interviewed in all four rounds of the survey so far. These are the households that form a complete panel across the four rounds.

7.4.2.1 Weights

In Round 4, two different weights are provided: cross section and panel weights. The cross section weights are applicable to the entire round 4 sample while the panel weights are only applicable to round 4 sample households that have been successfully interviewed in all four rounds of the survey so far. For both of these weights, the baseline weights were adjusted for noncontact and nonresponse as well as calibrated following the same procedures outlined in section 2.2 (steps 4, 5 and 6). The round 4 weights can be found in the household-level data file (*r4_sect_a_2_5_5b_6_8_9_12*). The cross section weight is contained in the variable named *wt_round4* while the panel weight is contained in the variable named *wt_r4panel*.

Table 7-11: Round 4 - Result of Interview		
	# of households	% of overall sample
Total Sample	1,881	100
Contacted	1,819	96.7
Complete	1,789	95.1
Partially Complete	9	0.5
Refused	19	1.0
Language barrier	2	0.1
Not contacted	62	3.3
Nobody answering	7	0.4
Number does not exist	0	0.0
Phone turned off	52	2.8
Wrong number (don't know the household)	0	0.0
Reference person can't connect to household	3	0.2
Panel sample (interviewed in R1, 2, 3, & 4)	1,691	89.9

7.4.3 The Survey Instruments

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 4 consists of one questionnaire. The **Household Questionnaire** was administered to all households in the sample.

Household Questionnaire: The Household Questionnaire provides information on demographics; access to basic goods and services; credit; employment (including non-farm

enterprise and agricultural activity); food security; income changes; concerns; and social safety nets.

The contents of questionnaire are outlined below.

Table 7-12: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 4 Questionnaire

Section	Topic	Description
A	Cover	Household identifiers and enumerator identifiers
1	Interview Information and Phone Number Roster	Roster of call attempts, result and respondent of call attempt, interview consent, date and time of call back, roster of phone numbers, the information of the person that the listed phone number belongs to
2	Household Roster Update	Roster of members of the household, relationship to the household head, gender, age, marital status, reason for joining the household if new, and reason for leaving the household if left
5	Access to Basic Services	Household's access to medical treatment, pre-natal and post-natal care visits, check-up and preventative care visits, reason for not being able to access the services; use of soap, use of face coverings in public, and attendance to religious or social gatherings; education or learning activities of children at home; women's savings
5B	Credit	Household's debts status since the beginning of the coronavirus crisis; use of loan, ability to repay loan when their scheduled payment is due
6	Employment	Status in employment, why currently not working, job search, change in jobs, actual job, information on wage work; operating status of family business/non-farm enterprise, reason for closure, sector of family business, change in revenue; expected harvest and revenues from crop sales; effect of the coronavirus crisis on livestock activities, expected revenues from livestock sales, effect of the coronavirus crisis on livestock sales
7	Income Changes	Household's sources of livelihood, change in income compared to August 2019
8	Food Security	Household's food security status during the last 30 days
9	Concerns	Concerns over immediate family becoming seriously ill from COVID-19 and household's financial status
11	Social Safety Nets	Type, value and source of assistances that household received from social safety net programs
12	Interview Results	Result of interview including observation notes by interviewer regarding the interview, respondent and language of interview

There were some changes made in the questionnaires between Round 3 and Round 4. Table 7-13 outlines these changes.

Table 7-13: Round 3 to Round 4 Comparison

Section	Notes
Section A: Cover	No changes
Section 1: Interview Information and Phone Number Roster	No changes
Section 2: Household Roster Update	No changes
Section 5: Access to Basic Services	Questions added in Round 4: FILTER3, Q2a-Q2f, Q5b, Q5c, Q21-Q23
	Questions dropped in Round 4: Q1ai-Q1ci, FILTER2, Q3a-Q3f, Q11-Q17
Section 5A: Housing	Dropped in Round 4
Section 5B: Credit	Added in Round 4
Section 6: Employment	Questions added in Round 4: Q11b1, QA16, QA9-QA11
	Questions dropped in Round 4: Q8f, Q8g, Q15a, Q15b, QA1-QA8,
	Sub-section "Agriculture – Livestock" added in Round 4 (QB1-QB13)
Section 7: Other Income	Section renamed as "Income Changes" in Round 4
Section 7: Income Changes	Section renamed from "Other Income" in Round 4
	Questions re-worded or options modified in Round 4: Item Code, Q1
	Questions added in Round 4: Q2
Section 8: Food Security	Added in Round 4
Section 9: Concerns	Added in Round 4
Section 10: Coping/Shocks	Dropped in Round 4
Section 11: Social Safety Nets	No changes
Section 12: Interview Results	No changes

7.4.4 Description of Datasets

These modules were administered in the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 4 survey.

- Household Roster
- Access to Basic Services
- Credit
- Employment
- Income Changes
- Food Security
- Concerns
- Social Safety Nets

Table 7-14 shows the datasets and their corresponding sections of the Questionnaire.

Table 7-14: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 4 Datasets

Dataset Filename	Section(s)	Section Name(s)
r4_sect_a_2_5_5b_6_8_9_12	A, 2, 5, 5b, 6, 8, 9, 12	Cover, Household Roster Update (Q0), Access to Basic Services, Credit, Employment, Food Security, Concerns, Interview Results
r4_sect_1	1	Interview Information
r4_sect_1b		
r4_sect_2	2	Household Roster Update
r4_sect_7	7	Income Changes
r4_sect_11	11	Social Safety Nets

7.5 Round 5

7.5.1 Overview

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 5 was administered between September 7 to September 21, 2020. A total of 18 main interviewers, 3 call back interviewers, and 3 supervisors were involved in the fieldwork.

7.5.2 Sample

Interviewers attempted to contact and interview all 1,856 households that were successfully interviewed in the Baseline of the COVID-19 NLPS, excluding 94 households that had refused in previous rounds of the survey. Thus, the sample included households that were not successfully interviewed subsequent to the baseline in an effort to maintain the sample size. As shown in Table 7-15, 1,794 households (96.7% of the 1,856 attempted) were contacted and 1,774 (95.6%) were successfully interviewed in the fifth round. Of those contacted, 13 households refused outright to be interviewed and 5 were partially interviewed. Of the 1,774 successfully interviewed households, 1,656 were households that have been successfully interviewed in all five rounds of the survey so far. These are the households that form a complete panel across the five rounds.

One new feature of the fifth round was more extensive individual-level data collection on employment of household members³. For the employment module, information on working age (15-64 years) members of the household was targeted, including respondents that fall into this age range. However, information was not captured for all members aged 15-64. In order to limit the burden for respondents and interviewers in cases where the number of working age

³ Although interviewers made attempts to collect employment information directly from each individual selected, it proved exceedingly difficult to do so. As a result, only 37.3% of individual responses were obtained from the actual individual in question with the remaining 62.7% being collected via proxy (typically provided by the main respondent).

members is large, a maximum of 6 household members were selected (in addition to the main respondent) to capture information on employment. Therefore, for households with less than 6 working age members, all eligible members were included. However, 95 percent of interviewed households had 6 or less working age members and only 5 percent had more than six. For the 5 percent with more than 6 working age members, 6 members were randomly selected from among the pool of eligible members. The selection was stratified by sex with an equal split of 3 male and 3 females was targeted, depending on the pool of eligible males and females. However, the application of selection was relatively rare. Of 4,392 working age members of the household in round 5 (excluding the main respondent), information was collected on 4,184 or about 95.2 percent of eligible individuals. In addition, 1,581 main respondents aged 15-64 were also interviewed bringing the final sample of working age members with employment information to 5,765.

Table 7-15: Round 5 - Result of Interview		
	# of households	% of overall sample
Total Sample	1,856	100
Contacted	1,794	96.7
Complete	1,774	95.6
Partially Complete	5	0.3
Refused	13	0.7
Language barrier	2	0.1
Not contacted	62	3.3
Nobody answering	6	0.3
Number does not exist	0	0.0
Phone turned off	50	2.7
Wrong number (don't know the household)	2	0.1
Reference person can't connect to household	4	0.2
Panel sample (interviewed in R1, 2, 3, 4, & 5)	1,656	89.2

7.5.2.1 Weights

In Round 5, several different weights are provided: two at the household-level and three at the individual-level. The two household weights are the same as have been provided in previous rounds, that is cross section and panel weights. The cross section weights are applicable to the entire round 5 sample while the panel weights are only applicable to round 5 sample households that have been successfully interviewed in all five rounds of the survey so far. For both of these weights, the baseline weights were adjusted for noncontact and nonresponse as well as calibrated following the same procedures outlined in section 2.2 (steps 4, 5 and 6). The round 5 household weights can be found in the household-level data file (*r5_sect_a_2_5c_6_12*). The cross

section weight is contained in the variable named **wt_round5** while the household panel weight is contained in the variable named **wt_r5panel**.

Given the focus on individual employment information in round 5 and the selection steps outlined above for the sample of working age members, an additional three individual-level weights were calculated and provided in the round 5 data. The individual weights for the employment module were calculated according to:

$$w_{ish} = w_h \times \left(\frac{n_{hs}}{N_{hs}} \right)^{-1}$$

Where w_{ih} is the sampling weight for individual i who is sex s (male or female) in household h , w_h is the final household level weight (i.e. **wt_round5**), N_{hs} is the total number of eligible household members (aged 15-64) of sex s in household h and n_{hs} is the equivalent number of selected eligible individuals in the household. The individual weights were then calibrated to correspond to the sex and age⁴ distribution of the total working age population according to the post-harvest visit of the GHS-Panel.

The basic individual weight described above is the cross section individual weight that considers all individuals that employment information was collected on. This weight is called **wt_employ_r5** and can be found in the individual-level employment data file (**r5_sect_6b**). However, an additional two weights are provided for the panel of individuals interviewed in the GHS-Panel wave 4 and round 5 of the NLPS (i.e. excluding individuals added in the NLPS). The first weight (**wt_employ_r5_pp_panel**) contains the weight for individuals interviewed in the *post-planting* visit of the GHS-Panel wave 4 and the second (**wt_employ_r5_ph_panel**) contains the weight for individuals interviewed in the *post-harvest* visit of the GHS-Panel wave 4.

7.5.3 The Survey Instruments

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 5 consists of one questionnaire. The **Household Questionnaire** was administered to all households in the sample.

Household Questionnaire: The Household Questionnaire provides information on demographics; education; employment (including non-farm enterprise and agricultural activity); and other income.

The contents of questionnaire are outlined below.

⁴ The age groups considered in the calibration were 15-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, 55-64 years, all further disaggregated by sex (male/female).

Table 7-16: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 5 Questionnaire

Section	Topic	Description
A	Cover	Household identifiers and enumerator identifiers
1	Interview Information and Phone Number Roster	Roster of call attempts, result and respondent of call attempt, interview consent, date and time of call back, roster of phone numbers, the information of the person that the listed phone number belongs to
2	Household Roster Update	Roster of members of the household, relationship to the household head, gender, age, marital status, reason for joining the household if new, and reason for leaving the household if left
5c	Education	Reason for children not attending school, safety precautions available in school, education or learning activities of children at home including contact with children's teachers
6	Employment (respondent)	Status in employment, why currently not working, job search, change in jobs, actual job; operating status of family business/non-farm enterprise, reason for closure, sector of family business, change in revenue; expected harvest and revenues from crop sales; expected revenues from livestock sales
6b	Employment (selected household members)	Status in employment, why currently not working, job search, change in jobs, actual job
7	Other Income	Household's sources of livelihood
12	Interview Results	Result of interview including observation notes by interviewer regarding the interview, respondent and language of interview

Different sections have been included in the questionnaires across rounds. Table 7-17 tracks sections in the questionnaires across rounds.

Table 7-17: Sections Across Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Rounds

Section	NLPS Round				
	1	2	3	4	5
A. Cover	X	X	X	X	X
1. Interview Information and Phone Number Roster	X	X	X	X	X
2. Household Roster Update	X	X	X	X	X
3. Knowledge Regarding the Spread of COVID-19	X				
4. Behaviour and Social Distancing	X				
5. Access to Basic Services	X	X	X	X	
5a. Housing			X		
5b. Credit				X	

5c. Education					X
6. Employment (respondent)	X	X	X	X	X
6b. Employment (selected household members)					X
7. Income Loss/Other Income/Income Changes	X	X	X	X	X
8. Food Security	X	X			
9. Concerns	X			X	
10. Coping/Shocks	X		X		
11. Social Safety Nets	X	X	X	X	
12. Interview Results	X	X	X	X	X

7.5.4 Description of Datasets

These modules were administered in the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 5 survey.

- Household Roster
- Education
- Employment (respondent)
- Employment (selected household members)
- Other Income

The employment questions in Section 6b, which are asked to selected members of the household, are a sub-set of questions included in Section 6, which is administered only to the respondents.

For convenience, the employment information on the respondents are duplicated and included both in the household-level data file (*r5_sect_a_2_5c_6_12*) and in the individual-level data file (*r5_sect_6b*).

Table 7-18 shows the datasets and their corresponding sections of the Questionnaire.

Table 7-18: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 5 Datasets

Dataset Filename	Section(s)	Section Name(s)
r5_sect_a_2_5c_6_12	A, 2, 5c, 6, 12	Cover, Household Roster Update (Q0), Education, Employment (respondent), Interview Results
r5_sect_1	1	Interview Information
r5_sect_1b		
r5_sect_2	2	Household Roster Update
r5_sect_6b	6b	Employment (selected household members including respondents)
r5_sect_7	7	Other Income

7.6 Round 6

7.6.1 Overview

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 6 was administered between October 9 to October 24, 2020. A total of 18 main interviewers, 3 call back interviewers, and 3 supervisors were involved in the fieldwork.

7.6.2 Sample

Interviewers attempted to contact and interview all 1,839 households that were successfully interviewed in the Baseline of the COVID-19 NLPS, excluding 111 households that had refused in previous rounds of the survey. Thus, the sample included households that were not successfully interviewed subsequent to the baseline in an effort to maintain the sample size. As shown in Table 7-19, 1,781 households (96.8% of the 1,839 attempted) were contacted and 1,762 (95.8%) were successfully interviewed in the sixth round. Of those contacted, 8 households refused outright to be interviewed and 11 were partially interviewed. Of the 1,762 successfully interviewed households, 1,640 were households that have been successfully interviewed in all six rounds of the survey so far. These are the households that form a complete panel across the six rounds.

One new feature of the sixth round was more extensive individual-level data collection on education of household members. For the education module, information on household members 5-18 years was targeted. In order to limit the burden for respondents and interviewers in cases where the number of school-aged members is large, a maximum of 6 household members were selected to capture information on their school attendance and other education variables. Therefore, for households with less than 6 school-aged members, all eligible members were included. However, 92 percent of interviewed households had 6 or less school-aged members and only 8 percent had more than six. For the 8 percent with more than 6 school-aged members, 6 members were randomly selected from among the pool of eligible members. The selection was stratified by sex with an equal split of 3 male and 3 females was targeted, depending on the pool of eligible males and females. However, the application of selection as relatively rare. Of the 4,325 school-aged members of the household in round 6, information was collected on 4,007 or about 92.7 percent of eligible individuals.

	# of households	% of overall sample
Total Sample	1,839	100
Contacted	1,781	96.8
Complete	1,762	95.8
Partially Complete	11	0.6
Refused	8	0.4
Language barrier	0	0.0

Not contacted	58	3.2
Nobody answering	3	0.2
Number does not exist	0	0.0
Phone turned off	49	2.7
Wrong number (don't know the household)	1	0.1
Reference person can't connect to household	5	0.3
Panel sample (interviewed in R1, 2, 3, 4, 5, & 6)	1,640	89.2

7.6.2.1 Weights

In Round 6, several different weights are provided: two at the household-level and three at the individual-level. The two household weights are the same as have been provided in previous rounds, that is cross section and panel weights. The cross section weights are applicable to the entire round 6 sample while the panel weights are only applicable to round 6 sample households that have been successfully interviewed in all six rounds of the survey so far. For both of these weights, the baseline weights were adjusted for noncontact and nonresponse as well as calibrated following the same procedures outlined in section 2.2 (steps 4, 5 and 6). The round 6 household weights can be found in the household-level data file (*r6_sect_a_2_3a_6_9a_12*). The cross section weight is contained in the variable named *wt_round6* while the household panel weight is contained in the variable named *wt_r6panel*.

Given the focus on individual education information in round 6 and the selection steps outlined above for the sample of school-aged members (5-18 years), an additional three individual-level weights were calculated and provided in the round 6 data. The individual weights for the employment module were calculated according to:

$$w_{ish} = w_h \times \left(\frac{n_{hs}}{N_{hs}} \right)^{-1}$$

Where w_{ih} is the sampling weight for individual i who is sex s (male or female) in household h , w_h is the final household level weight (i.e. *wt_round6*), N_{hs} is the total number of eligible household members (aged 5-18) of sex s in household h and n_{hs} is the equivalent number of selected eligible individuals in the household. The individual weights were then calibrated to correspond to the sex and age⁵ distribution of the total school-aged population according to the post-harvest visit of the GHS-Panel.

The basic individual weight described above is the cross section individual weight that considers all individuals that employment information was collected on. This weight is called *wt_educ_r6* and can be found in the individual-level education data file (*r6_sect_5c.dta*). However, an

⁵ The age groups considered in the calibration were 5-6, 7-9, 10-12, 13-15, 16-18 years, all further disaggregated by sex (male/female).

additional two weights are provided for the panel of individuals interviewed in the GHS-Panel wave 4 and round 6 of the NLPS (i.e. excluding individuals added in the NLPS). The first weight (*wt_educ_r6_pp_panel*) contains the weight for individuals interviewed in the *post-planting* visit of the GHS-Panel wave 4 and the second (*wt_educ_r6_ph_panel*) contains the weight for individuals interviewed in the *post-harvest* visit of the GHS-Panel wave 4.

7.6.3 The Survey Instruments

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 6 consists of one questionnaire. The **Household Questionnaire** was administered to all households in the sample.

Household Questionnaire: The Household Questionnaire provides information on demographics; education; employment (including non-farm enterprise); COVID testing and vaccination; and other income.

The contents of questionnaire are outlined below.

Table 7-20: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 6 Questionnaire

Section	Topic	Description
A	Cover	Household identifiers and enumerator identifiers
1	Interview Information and Phone Number Roster	Roster of call attempts, result and respondent of call attempt, interview consent, date and time of call back, roster of phone numbers, the information of the person that the listed phone number belongs to
2	Household Roster Update	Roster of members of the household, relationship to the household head, gender, age, marital status, reason for joining the household if new, reason for leaving the household if left, and the highest educational qualification of the household head
3a	Survey of Well-being via Instant and Frequent Tracking (SWIFT)	Whether the household members ate any imported rice, chicken, beef, milk powder in the last 7 days, whether the household purchased any recharge cards in the last 30 days, the fuels used for cookstove, toilet facility and sources of electricity used by the household
5c	Education (selected household members aged 5-18 years old)	Reason for currently not attending school, level currently enrolled, organization running the school, whether the children attend classes on-site, the number of days per week the children attend classes on-site, whether the children receive instructions online
6	Employment	Status in employment, why currently not working, job search, change in jobs, actual job; operating status of family business/non-farm enterprise, reason for closure, sector of family business, change in revenue
7	Other Income	Household's sources of livelihood

Section	Topic	Description
9a	COVID Testing and Vaccination	Safety precautions available at school; willingness to get tested for the COVID-19 virus; willingness to get vaccinated against coronavirus, reason for not agreeing or not being sure whether to agree to be vaccinated
12	Interview Results	Result of interview including observation notes by interviewer regarding the interview, respondent and language of interview

Different sections have been included in the questionnaires across rounds. Table 7-21 tracks sections in the questionnaires across rounds.

Table 7-21: Sections Across Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Rounds

Section	NLPS Round					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
A. Cover	X	X	X	X	X	X
1. Interview Information and Phone Number Roster	X	X	X	X	X	X
2. Household Roster Update	X	X	X	X	X	X
3. Knowledge Regarding the Spread of COVID-19	X					
3a. Survey of Well-being via Instant and Frequent Tracking (SWIFT)						X
4. Behaviour and Social Distancing	X					
5. Access to Basic Services	X	X	X	X		
5a. Housing			X			
5b. Credit				X		
5c. Education					X	X
6. Employment (respondent)	X	X	X	X	X	X
6b. Employment (selected household members)					X	
7. Income Loss/Other Income/Income Changes	X	X	X	X	X	X
8. Food Security	X	X				
9. Concerns	X			X		
9a. COVID Testing and Vaccination						X
10. Coping/Shocks	X		X			
11. Social Safety Nets	X	X	X	X		
12. Interview Results	X	X	X	X	X	X

7.6.4 Description of Datasets

These modules were administered in the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 6 survey.

- Household Roster
- Education

- Survey of Well-being via Instant and Frequent Tracking (SWIFT)
- Employment
- Other Income
- COVID Testing and Vaccination

Table 7-22 shows the datasets and their corresponding sections of the Questionnaire.

Table 7-22: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 6 Datasets

Dataset Filename	Section(s)	Section Name(s)
r6_sect_a_2_3a_6_9a_12	A, 2, 3a, 6, 9a,12	Cover, Household Roster Update (Q0), Survey of Well-being via Instant and Frequent Tracking (SWIFT), Employment, COVID Testing and Vaccination, Interview Results
r6_sect_1	1	Interview Information
r6_sect_1b		
r6_sect_2	2	Household Roster Update
r6_sect_5c	5c	Education (selected household members aged 5-18 years old)
r6_sect_7	7	Other Income

7.7 Round 7

7.7.1 Overview

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 7 was administered between November 7 to November 23, 2020. A total of 18 main interviewers, 3 call back interviewers, and 3 supervisors were involved in the fieldwork.

7.7.2 Sample

Interviewers attempted to contact and interview all 1,811 households that were successfully interviewed in the Baseline of the COVID-19 NLPS, excluding 139 households that had refused in previous rounds of the survey. Thus, the sample included households that were not successfully interviewed subsequent to the baseline in an effort to maintain the sample size. As shown in Table 7-23, 1,740 households (96.8% of the 1,811 attempted) were contacted and 1,726 (95.3%) were successfully interviewed in the seventh round. Of those contacted, 4 households refused outright to be interviewed and 10 were partially interviewed. Of the 1,726 successfully interviewed households, 1,573 were households that have been successfully interviewed in all seven rounds of the survey so far. These are the households that form a complete panel across the seven rounds.

Table 7-23: Round 7 - Result of Interview		
	# of households	% of overall sample
Total Sample	1,811	100
Contacted	1,740	96.1
Complete	1,726	95.3
Partially Complete	10	0.6
Refused	4	0.2
Language barrier	0	0.0
Not contacted	71	3.9
Nobody answering	11	0.6
Number does not exist	2	0.1
Phone turned off	49	2.7
Wrong number (don't know the household)	2	0.1
Reference person can't connect to household	6	0.3
Panel sample (interviewed in R1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, & 7)	1,573	86.9

7.7.2.1 Weights

In Round 7, two different weights are provided: cross section and panel weights. The cross section weights are applicable to the entire round 7 sample while the panel weights are only applicable to round 7 sample households that have been successfully interviewed in all four rounds of the survey so far. For both of these weights, the baseline weights were adjusted for noncontact and nonresponse as well as calibrated following the same procedures outlined in section 2.2 (steps 4, 5 and 6). The round 7 weights can be found in the household-level data file (*r7_sect_a_5_6_8_9_12*). The cross section weight is contained in the variable named *wt_round7* while the panel weight is contained in the variable named *wt_r7panel*.

7.7.3 The Survey Instruments

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 7 consists of one questionnaire. The **Household Questionnaire** was administered to all households in the sample.

Household Questionnaire: The Household Questionnaire provides information on demographics; access to basic services; employment (including non-farm enterprise); food security; concerns; and safety nets.

The contents of questionnaire are outlined below.

Table 7-24: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 7 Questionnaire

Section	Topic	Description
A	Cover	Household identifiers and enumerator identifiers
1	Interview Information and Phone Number Roster	Roster of call attempts, result and respondent of call attempt, interview consent, date and time of call back, roster of phone numbers, the information of the person that the listed phone number belongs to
2	Household Roster Update	Roster of members of the household, relationship to the household head, gender, age, marital status, reason for joining the household if new, reason for leaving the household if left, and the highest educational qualification of the household head
5	Access to Basic Services	Household's main source of drinking water, access to main source of drinking water, reason for not being able to access the source, main source of water for other purposes; access to sufficient water and soap for hand washing, reason for not being to access; use of soap, use of face coverings in public, and attendance to religious or social gatherings
6	Employment	Status in employment, why currently not working, job search, change in jobs, actual job; operating status of family business/non-farm enterprise, reason for closure, sector of family business, change in revenue
8	Food Security	Household's food security status during the last 30 days
9	Concerns	Concerns over immediate family becoming seriously ill from COVID-19 and household's financial status; experience of crime, reporting the crime; the gap between the rich and the poor in Nigeria
11	Social Safety Nets	Type, value and source of assistances that household received from social safety net programs; difficulties experienced when accessing the assistance
12	Interview Results	Result of interview including observation notes by interviewer regarding the interview, respondent and language of interview

Different sections have been included in the questionnaires across rounds. Table 7-25 tracks sections in the questionnaires across rounds.

Table 7-25: Sections Across Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Rounds

Section	NLPS Round						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
A. Cover	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1. Interview Information and Phone Number Roster	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
2. Household Roster Update	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
3. Knowledge Regarding the Spread of COVID-19	X						
3a. Survey of Well-being via Instant and Frequent Tracking (SWIFT)						X	
4. Behaviour and Social Distancing	X						
5. Access to Basic Services	X	X	X	X			X
5a. Housing			X				
5b. Credit				X			
5c. Education					X	X	
6. Employment (respondent)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
6b. Employment (selected household members)					X		
7. Income Loss/Other Income/Income Changes	X	X	X	X	X	X	
8. Food Security	X	X					X
9. Concerns	X			X			X
9a. COVID Testing and Vaccination						X	
10. Coping/Shocks	X		X				
11. Social Safety Nets	X	X	X	X			X
12. Interview Results	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

7.7.4 Description of Datasets

These modules were administered in the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 7 survey.

- Household Roster
- Access to Basic Services
- Employment
- Food Security
- Concerns
- Safety Nets

Table 7-26 shows the datasets and their corresponding sections of the Questionnaire.

Table 7-26: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 7 Datasets

Dataset Filename	Section(s)	Section Name(s)
r7_sect_a_5_6_8_9_12	A, 5, 6, 8, 9,12	Cover, Access to Basic Services, Employment, Food Security, Concerns, Interview Results
r7_sect_1	1	Interview Information
r7_sect_1b		
r7_sect_2	2	Household Roster Update
r7_sect_11	11	Safety Nets

7.8 Round 8

7.8.1 Overview

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 8 was administered between December 5 to December 21, 2020. A total of 18 main interviewers, 3 call back interviewers, and 3 supervisors were involved in the fieldwork.

7.8.2 Sample

Interviewers attempted to contact and interview all 1,810 households that were successfully interviewed in the Baseline of the COVID-19 NLPS, excluding 139 households that had refused in previous rounds of the survey. Thus, the sample included households that were not successfully interviewed subsequent to the baseline in an effort to maintain the sample size. As shown in Table 7-27, 1,738 households (96.0% of the 1,810 attempted) were contacted and 1,723 (95.2%) were successfully interviewed in the eighth round. Of those contacted, 9 households refused outright to be interviewed and 6 were partially interviewed. Of the 1,723 successfully interviewed households, 1,547 were households that have been successfully interviewed in all eight rounds of the survey so far. These are the households that form a complete panel across the eight rounds.

Table 7-27: Round 8- Result of Interview		
	# of households	% of overall sample
Total Sample	1,810	100.0
Contacted	1,738	96.0
Complete	1,723	95.2
Partially Complete	6	0.3
Refused	9	0.5
Language barrier	0	0.0
Not contacted	72	4.0

Nobody answering	11	0.6
Number does not exist	0	0.0
Phone turned off	49	2.7
Wrong number (don't know the household)	2	0.1
Reference person can't connect to household	10	0.6
Panel sample (interviewed in R1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, & 8)	1,547	85.5

7.8.2.1 Weights

In Round 8, two different weights are provided: cross section and panel weights. The cross section weights are applicable to the entire round 8 sample while the panel weights are only applicable to round 8 sample households that have been successfully interviewed in all eight rounds of the survey so far. For both of these weights, the baseline weights were adjusted for noncontact and nonresponse as well as calibrated following the same procedures outlined in section 2.2 (steps 4, 5 and 6). The round 8 weights can be found in the household-level data file (*r8_sect_a_2_5c_6_12*). The cross section weight is contained in the variable named *wt_round8* while the panel weight is contained in the variable named *wt_r8panel*.

7.8.3 The Survey Instruments

The Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 8 consists of one questionnaire. The **Household Questionnaire** was administered to all households in the sample.

Household Questionnaire: The Household Questionnaire provides information on demographics; education; employment (including non-farm enterprise and agriculture); and coping/shocks.

The contents of questionnaire are outlined below.

Table 7-28: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 8 Questionnaire

Section	Topic	Description
A	Cover	Household identifiers and enumerator identifiers
1	Interview Information and Phone Number Roster	Roster of call attempts, result and respondent of call attempt, interview consent, date and time of call back, roster of phone numbers, the information of the person that the listed phone number belongs to
2	Household Roster Update	Roster of members of the household, relationship to the household head, gender, age, marital status, reason for joining the household if new, reason for leaving the household if left, and the highest educational qualification of the household head
5c	Education	What should be done for the children who missed school to catch up for the lost time/classes, practical actions for

Section	Topic	Description
		students and staff to adopt in school to prevent the spread of coronavirus
6	Employment	Status in employment, why currently not working, job search, change in jobs, actual job; operating status of family business/non-farm enterprise, reason for closure, sector of family business, change in revenue; main crop planted this agricultural season 2020/21, total area planted with the main crop, total quantity of the main crop harvested, quantity of the harvested main crop sold by the household, amount received from sales of the harvested main crop, change in sales
10	Coping/Shocks	Shocks that affected household since the July 2020 and their coping strategies
12	Interview Results	Result of interview including observation notes by interviewer regarding the interview, respondent and language of interview

Different sections have been included in the questionnaires across rounds. Table 7-29 tracks sections in the questionnaires across rounds.

Table 7-29: Sections Across Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Rounds

Section	NLPS Round							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
A. Cover	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1. Interview Information and Phone Number Roster	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
2. Household Roster Update	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
3. Knowledge Regarding the Spread of COVID-19	X							
3a. Survey of Well-being via Instant and Frequent Tracking (SWIFT)						X		
4. Behaviour and Social Distancing	X							
5. Access to Basic Services	X	X	X	X			X	
5a. Housing			X					
5b. Credit				X				
5c. Education					X	X		X
6. Employment (respondent)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
6. Non-farm Enterprise	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
6. Agriculture	X	X	X	X	X			X

6b. Employment (selected household members)					X			
7. Income Loss/Other Income/Income Changes	X	X	X	X	X	X		
8. Food Security	X	X					X	
9. Concerns	X			X			X	
9a. COVID Testing and Vaccination						X		
10. Coping/Shocks	X		X					X
11. Social Safety Nets	X	X	X	X			X	
12. Interview Results	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

7.8.4 Description of Datasets

These modules were administered in the Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 8 survey.

- Household Roster
- Education
- Employment
- Coping/Shocks

Table 7-30 shows the datasets and their corresponding sections of the Questionnaire.

Table 7-30: Nigeria COVID-19 NLPS Round 8 Datasets

Dataset Filename	Section(s)	Section Name(s)
r8_sect_a_2_5c_6_12	A, 2, 5c, 6, 12	Cover, Household Roster Update (Q0), Education, Employment, Interview Results
r8_sect_1	1	Interview Information
r8_sect_1b		
r8_sect_2	2	Household Roster Update
r8_sect_10	10	Coping/Shocks

Appendix 1: How to Obtain Copies of the Data

The data are available through the NBS web site:

<https://www.nigerianstat.gov.ng/nada/index.php/catalog/63>

or through the World Bank's Microdata Library:

<https://microdata.worldbank.org/index.php/catalog/3712>

Users do not need to obtain the permission of the NBS to receive a copy of the data but will be asked to fill in a data access agreement. In this agreement, users agree to: (a) cite the National Bureau of Statistics as the collector of the data in all reports, publications and presentations; (b) provide copies of all reports publications and presentations to the National Bureau of Statistics (see address below) and the Data Production and Methods Team of the World Bank (see address below); and (c) not pass the data to any third parties for any reasons.

Biyi Fafunmi
Head of Department - ICT
Plot 762, Independence Avenue,
Central Business District,
FCT, Abuja
Nigeria
www.nigerianstat.gov.ng/nada
Email: biyifafunmi@nigerianstat.gov.ng

LSMS Data Manager
Data Production and Methods Team (DECPM)
The World Bank
1818 H Street, NW
MSN MC3-306
Washington, DC 20433
<http://surveys.worldbank.org/lsms>
Email: lsms@worldbank.org